

Safety benchmarking in the oil and gas industry in Latin America and the Caribbean

Statistics 2015

August 2016

ARPEL PUBLICATION BE01-2016



BENCHMARKING



ARPEL REPORT

Safety benchmarking in the oil and gas industry in Latin America and the Caribbean

2015 Statistics for ARPEL Member Companies

ARPEL, August 2016



Report on Safety Benchmarking in the Oil and Industry for Latin America and the Caribbean - 2014
Statistics for ARPEL Member Companies
Report BE01-2016
July 2016

Authors

This report was prepared upon request of ARPEL and its Environment, Health and Safety Committee by Camila Morales, Project Coordinator at ARPEL.

Review

Safety Benchmarking Project Team

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pablo Neerman (ANCAP) • Miguel Nodar (ANCAP) • Miguel Camargo (Axion Energy) • Carolina Godoy (Chevron) • Clara Arbeláez (ECOPETROL) • Christian Urrea (ENAP) • José Concha (ENAP) • Germán Torres (EP PETROECUADOR) • César Aragón (EQUIÓN) • Natalia Chavez (OCENSA) • Ché Stewart (PCJ) • Rhonda Willacy (PCJ) • Mario Capaldo (PDVSA) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Carlos Paparella (PDVSA) • Martín Urias Moreno (PEMEX) • Maximilian Malachowski (PEMEX) • Jorge Alejandro Oviedo (PEMEX) • José Moreno Domínguez (PEMEX) • Miguel Miranda Mendoza (PEMEX) • Andrés Sánchez (PETROAMAZONAS EP) • Joaquim De Pinho (PETROBRAS) • Edilberto López (PETROPERU) • Esteban Bertarelli (PETROPERU) • Mary Stella Corsaro (PLUSPETROL) • Nelson Gualtero (PLUSPETROL) • Walter Gabuardi (RECOPE) • Jaime Barrientos (RECOPE) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Eduardo Jiménez (RECOPE) • Leonel Campos (RECOPE) • Marta Marcos (REPSOL) • María Rodríguez (REPSOL) • Teresa Olier (REPSOL) • Ángel Gutiérrez (SCHLUMBERGER) • Steve Mannes (STAATSOLIE) • Neill Sairoen (STAATSOLIE) • Federico Sameghini (TECPETROL) • Gustavo Correa (YPF) • Pablo Cantasano (YPF) • Walter Sarmiento (YPFB)
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Environment, Health and Safety Committee (CASYSIA)

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mariela Fresia (ANCAP) • Rosario Martino (ANCAP) • Miguel Camargo (AXION ENERGY) • Diana Puerta (CENIT) • Natassia Vaughan (CENIT) • Paul Schuler (OSRL) • Arthur Lee (CHEVRON) • Andres Pavia (ECOPETROL) • Óscar Leal (ENAP) • Fernando Promis (ENAP) • Rommel Valverde (EPPETROECUADOR) • Mauricio Jaramillo (EQUION) • Maritza Benites (HUNT OIL) • Carlos Ponce de León (HUNT OIL) • Carlos Abreu (IBP) • Fritz Smith (IHS) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Juan Halaix Osorio (OCENSA) • Che Stewart (PCJ) • Ramiro Ramírez (PDVSA) • Ángel Esteban (PDVSA) • Eric Omaña (PDVSA) • Luis Fernando Betancourt (PEMEX) • Javier Bocanegra (PEMEX) • Guido Abad (PETROAMAZONAS EP) • Flavio Tojal (PETROBRAS) • Mary Corsaro (PLUSPETROL) • Jaime Barrientos (RECOPE) • Walter Solano (RECOPE) • Álvaro Ramírez (RECOPE) • Luis Adanaque (PETROPERÚ) • Javier Alegría (PETROPERÚ) • Shyam Dyal (PETROTRIN) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Jaime Martín Juez (REPSOL) • William Ojeda (REPSOL) • Carlos Videla (REPSOL) • Terri Willis (SCHLUMBERGER) • Dennis Mac Donald (STAATSOLIE) • Ivan Defares (STAATSOLIE) • Alfonso Tomás (TEMA) • Eduardo Veracierto (TEMA) • Virgilio Panduro (TECPETROL) • Stephen Wharton (TECPETROL) • Roberto Vassallo (TECPETROL) • Homar Salicioni (WEATHERFORD) • Ricardo Ferro (YPF) • Eugenio Sellan (YPF) • Miguel Ángel Rojas (YPFB) • Gamal Amonzabel (YPFB) • Walter Sarmiento (YPFB)
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1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report is a compilation of safety statistics of ARPEL Member Companies. It analyzes four reactive indicators (total incidents, gravity, frequency of incidents with lost workdays and fatalities) and two proactive indicators (safety training intensity and task planned observations), broken down by business line (E&P, refining, pipelines, distribution and others) and by category (company and contractors), and also including historical data since 2002.

Scope:

For 2015, 22 companies detailed below shared their data, with a total coverage of 831 thousands employees and 1,929 million hours worked.

ANCAP – AXION – CENIT – CHEVRON – COGA – ECOPETROL – ENAP – EP PETROECUADOR – EQUIÓN – OCENSA – PCJ – PEMEX – PETROBRAS – PETROPERU – PETROTRIN – PLUSPETROL – RECOPE – REPSOL – STAATSOLIE – TECPETROL – YPF – YPFB

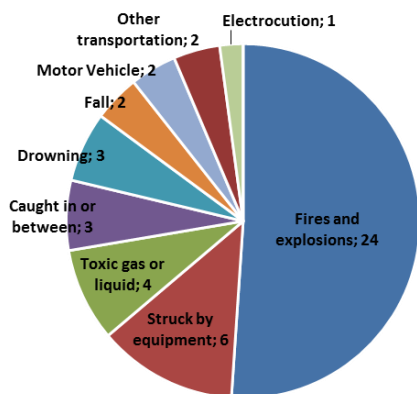
Reactive indicators:

Indicator	2014	2015	variation
Total incident rate	1.740	1.494	● -14%
Gravity rate	89.356	61.160	● -32%
Incidents w/LWD rate	0.839	0.804	● -4%
Fatalities rate	0.015	0.024	● 64%

Total incident rate continues to decline, registering in 2015 the lowest level since ARPEL began compiling statistics. Gravity rate and incidents with lost work days rate decreased compared to the

values registered in 2014, while the fatalities rate increased by 64%. 51% of the fatalities were related to multiple-fatality incidents what highlights the importance of incorporating process safety indicators to this report and working with process safety projects.

Fatalities:



During 2015, 47 fatalities were registered representing a rate of 0.024 fatalities per million man-hours worked.

"Fires and Explosions" continues being the main cause of mortality since ARPEL began to keep records in 2001, representing in 2015 the 51% of the total of the fatalities for this year.

ARPEL's incident Database

In order to prevent and reduce fatal and high potential incidents that happen every year in the industry, ARPEL has a space for the exchange of information, only for members in its web page (www.arpel.org), in which you can see in detail the conditions, causes, failures, and lessons learned from safety incidents that have been recorded in the industry from 2010 to date.

The tool also includes an "Interactive Reports" section where statistics of fatal incidents in recent years are available. Fatal incidents may be viewed per year, per function, cause and type of activity.



2. INDICATORS (methodological note)

This report collects four reactive indicators and two proactive indicators, which are detailed below:

1.1. Reactive

1. **Total incidents' rate** = $\frac{\text{Total recordable cases (injuries+illnesses+fatalities)}}{\text{Hours worked (in millions)}}$
2. **Incidents gravity rate** = $\frac{\text{Number of days away from work}}{\text{Hours worked (in millions)}}$
3. **Incidents' frequency rate with lost workdays** = $\frac{\text{cases with lost workdays}}{\text{Hours worked (in millions)}}$
4. **Fatalities' rate** = $\frac{\text{Number of fatalities}}{\text{Hours worked (in millions)}}$

1.2. Proactive

5. **TPO Indicator** = $\frac{\text{Number of Task Planned Observations (TPO) recorded}}{\text{Average number of workers}}$
6. **Safety Training Intensity** = $\frac{\text{Total number of safety training hours}}{\text{Hours worked (in millions)}} * 100$

For further information on the indicators or definitions, please refer to the User Manual (6th edition 2012) or the glossary provided at the end of this Report.

Not all companies report data for the calculation of all the rates, either because they do not have the information in the required breakdown, or simply because the requested information does not apply to the company in question. The indicators are calculated with the data reported for each particular indicator, so the basis of calculation vary depending on the number of companies that have reported their data correctly for each particular indicator.

Overall data of the companies is shown, broken down by category (company/contractors), for all the controlled operations of the companies in Latin America and the Caribbean. Proactive indicators are calculated only for company employees.

In all cases, an analysis by business line and comparisons between companies is done.



3. SCOPE OF THE INFORMATION

As shown in the following table, 22 ARPEL member companies shared their 2015 safety data for this report.

Companies							
ANCAP	AXION	CENIT	CHEVRON	COGA	ECOPETROL	ENAP	EP PETROECUADOR
EQUIÓN	OCENSA	PCJ	PEMEX	PETROBRAS	PETROPERÚ	PETROTRIN	PLUSPETROL
RECOPE	REPSOL	STAATSOLIE	TECPETROL	YPF	YPFB		

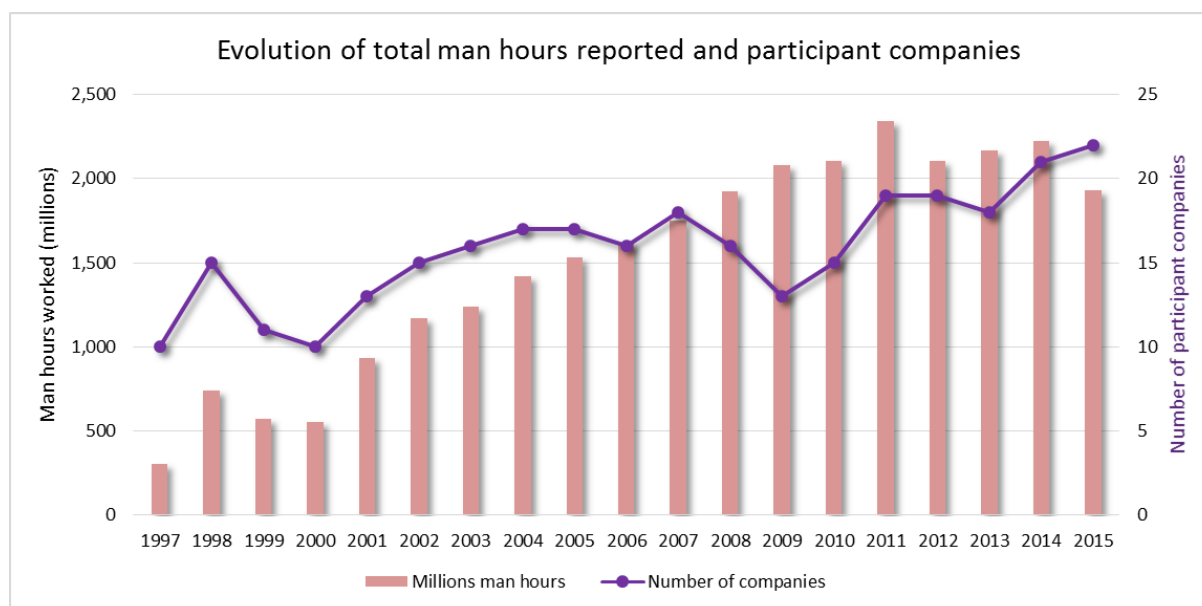
The following table shows the total number of employees and man-hours reported this year for this report.

A total of 831 thousands employees and 1,929 million hours were considered in this report, achieving a high representativeness of the oil and gas industry in Latin America and the Caribbean.

Function	# Companies	Company		Contractors		Total	
		Employees	MH	Employees	MH	Employees	MH
E&P	13	99.461	222.128	261.018	656.298	360.479	878.426
Refining	14	69.166	172.425	49.387	117.803	118.553	290.228
Pipelines	12	25.760	57.712	42.150	94.487	67.910	152.198
"Transport - maritime"	3	11.917	18.044	1.754	966	13.671	19.010
Distribution	9	25.990	61.999	15.529	31.197	41.519	93.196
Other	12	85.785	185.806	142.636	309.951	228.421	495.757
Total	22	318.079	718.114	512.474	1.210.702	830.553	1.928.815

MH: Man Hours worked

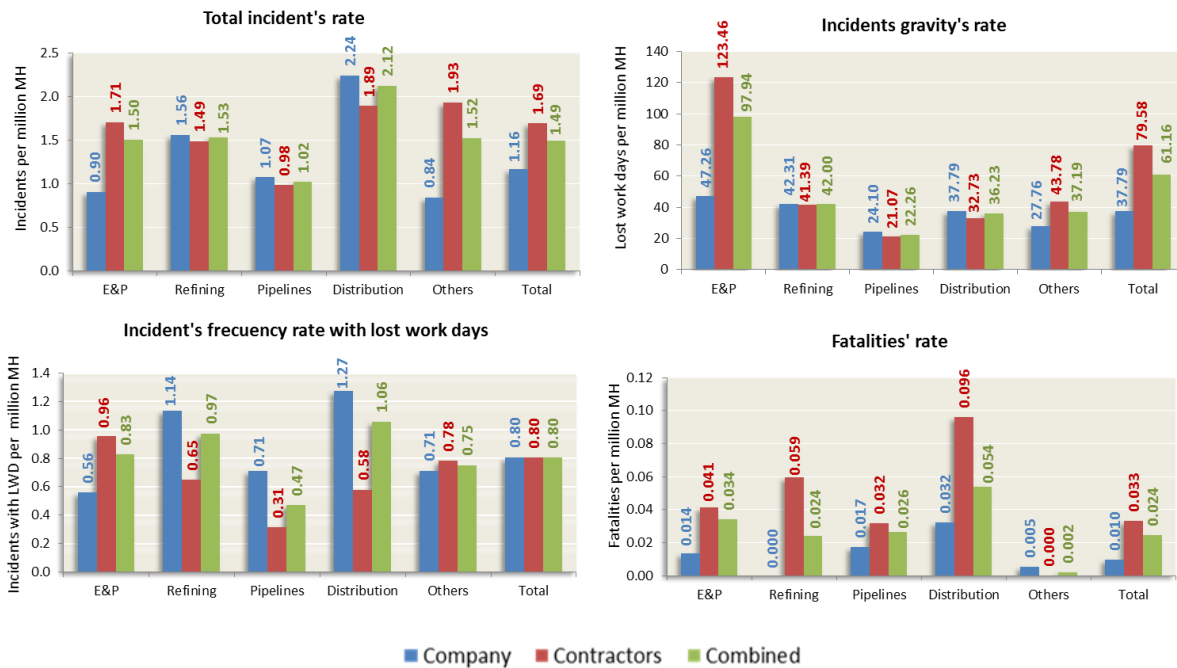
The data on maritime transportation are considered only in the total as there are not enough companies for an exclusive benchmarking of this business line. The data on the business line "others" is considered in the global data but a particular analysis is not made due to the heterogeneity of the activities included in that line.





4. RESULTS

4.1. Overall results



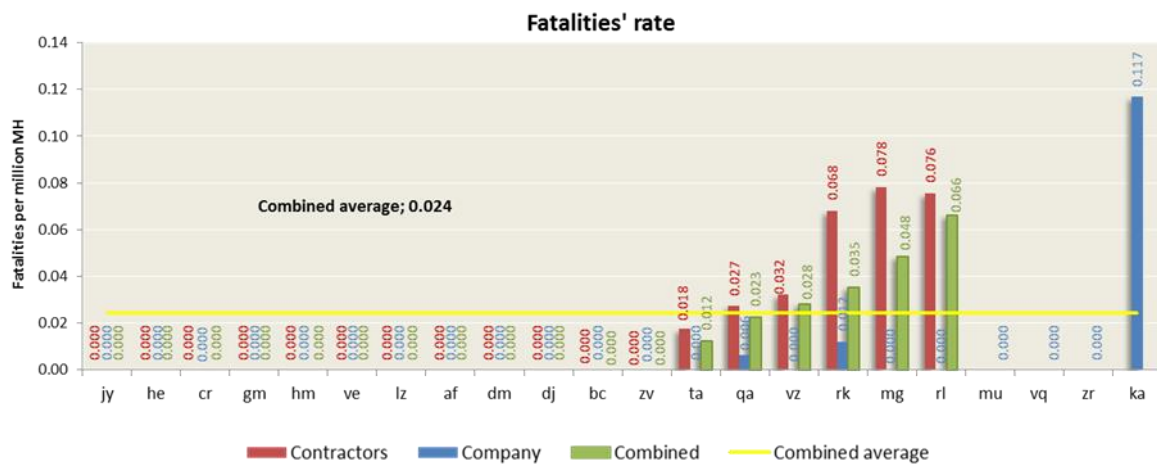
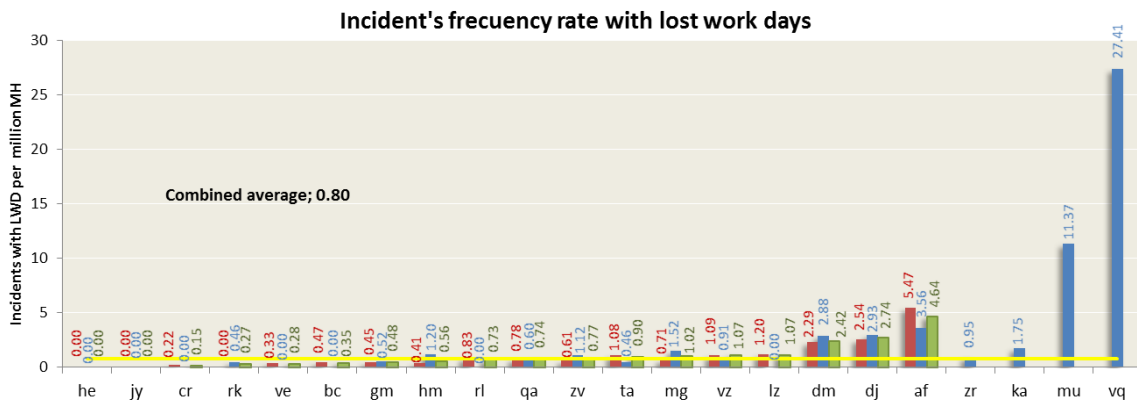
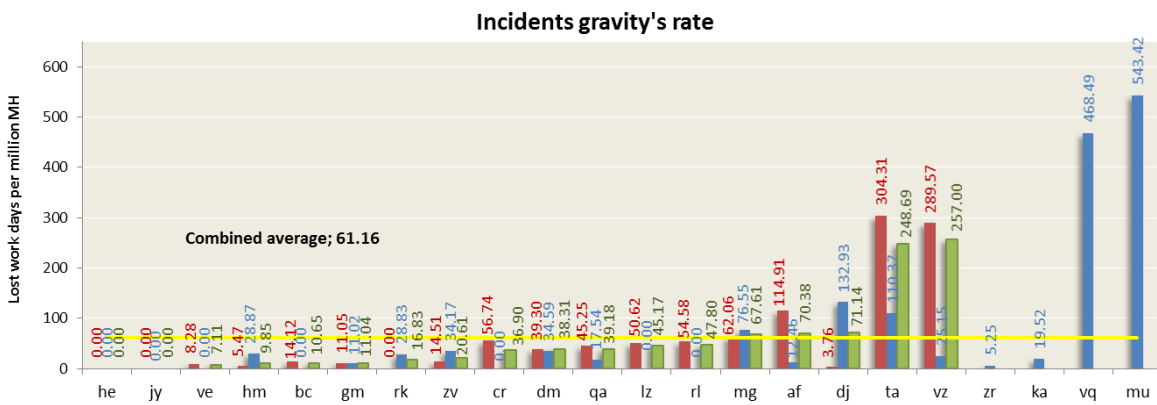
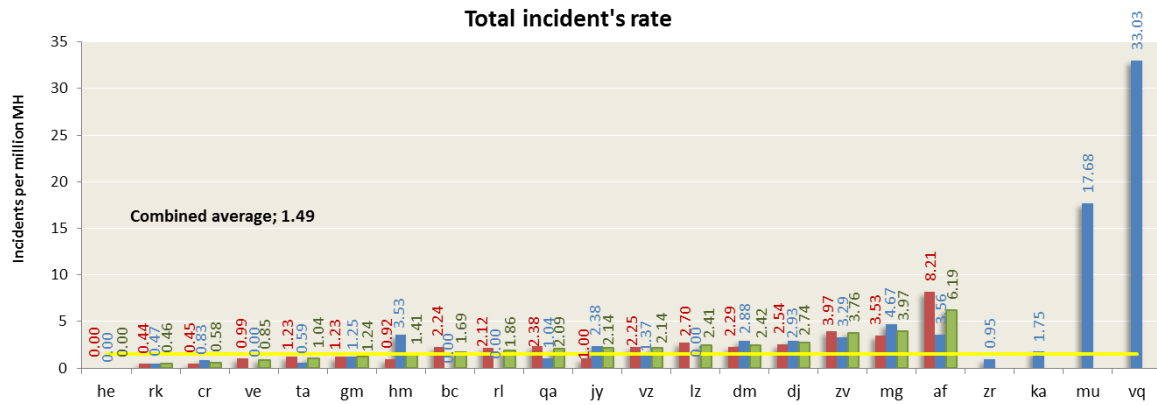
Below are the 2015 overall results for the four reactive indicators by business line and then by company.

Distribution was the business line with more incidents per million hours worked (2.12), the biggest fatalities rate (0.054) and the biggest incident's frequency rate with lost workdays (1.06), while E&P was the function the highest number of lost workdays -gravity- (97.94).

Following there is a breakdown by business line of the reactive indicators, sorted by descending order according to the combined average of each company (company + contractors).

Notes:

- The combined indicator is only possible to be calculated for those companies that report their data for their employees and contractors, so for those companies that shared only the information for company employees, only the company indicator is plotted and it will not be ordered along with the combined indicators.
- Since the total number of incidents is calculated as the sum of injuries, diseases and fatalities; and some companies do not report the number of registered occupational diseases, the comparability of the total incident rate is partially affected.

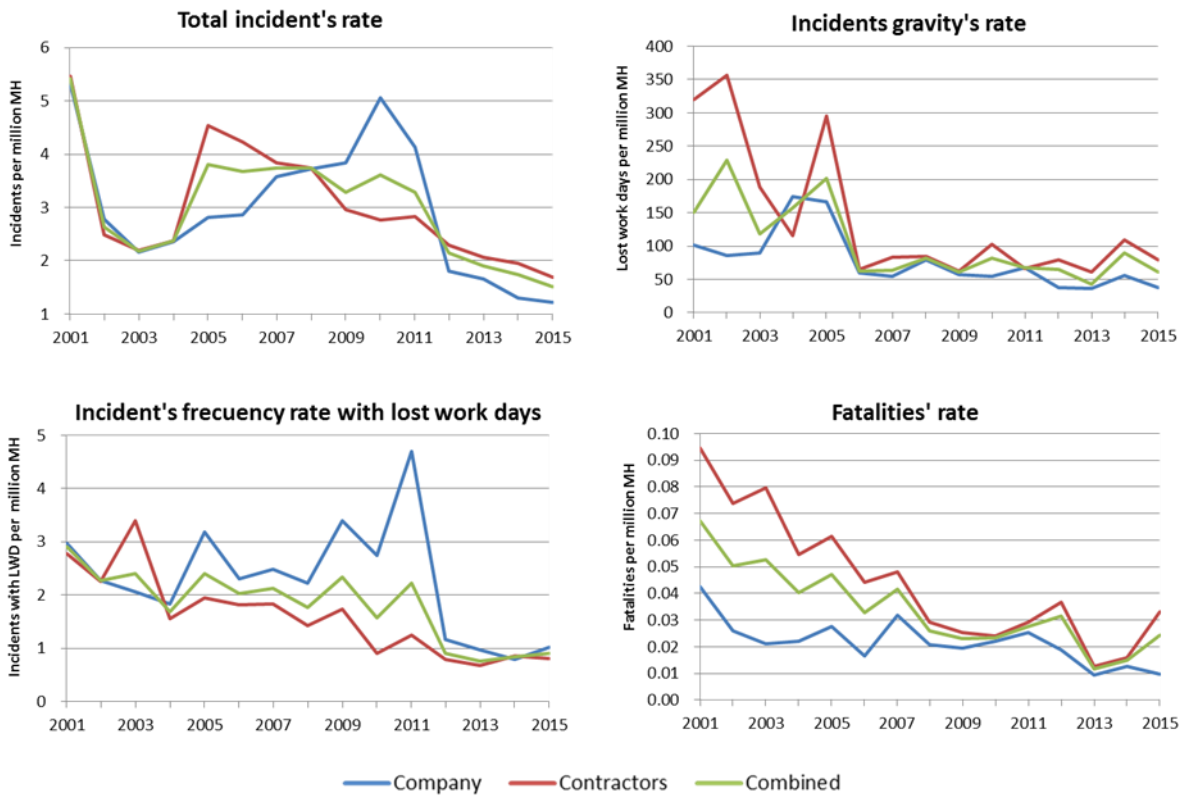


Contractors Company Combined Combined average



4.1.1. Evolution of reactive indicators

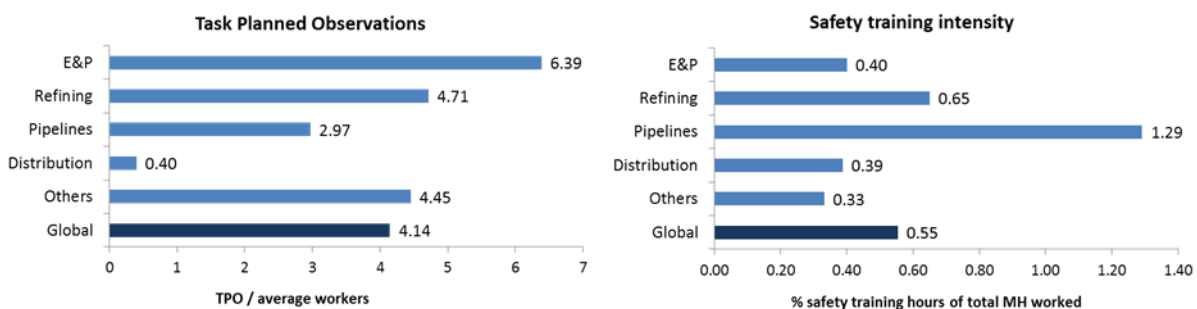
The following four graphs show the evolution of reactive indicators since 2001.



4.1.2. Proactive indicators

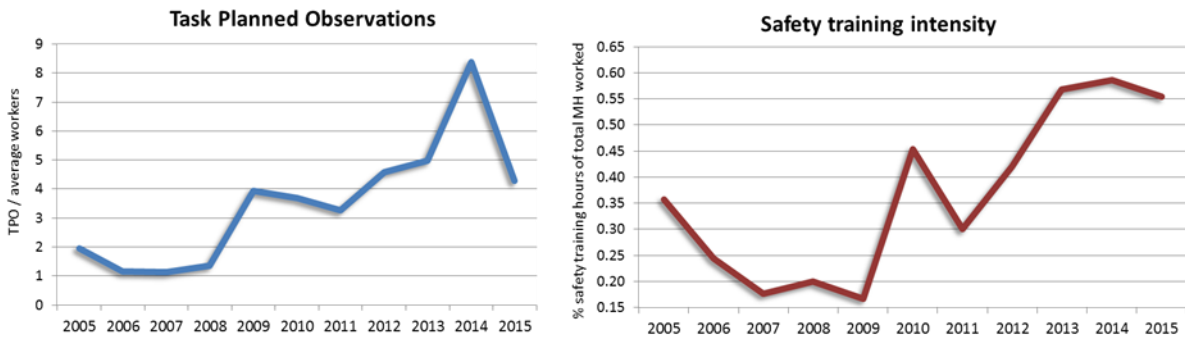
Finally, the proactive indicators are shown by business line (4.1.2), their global evolution since 2005 (4.1.2.1) and a comparison between companies for 2014 (4.1.2.2).

Both indicators recorded an increasing trend, which is desirable since it shows a growth in preventive measures such as training and task observation actions.

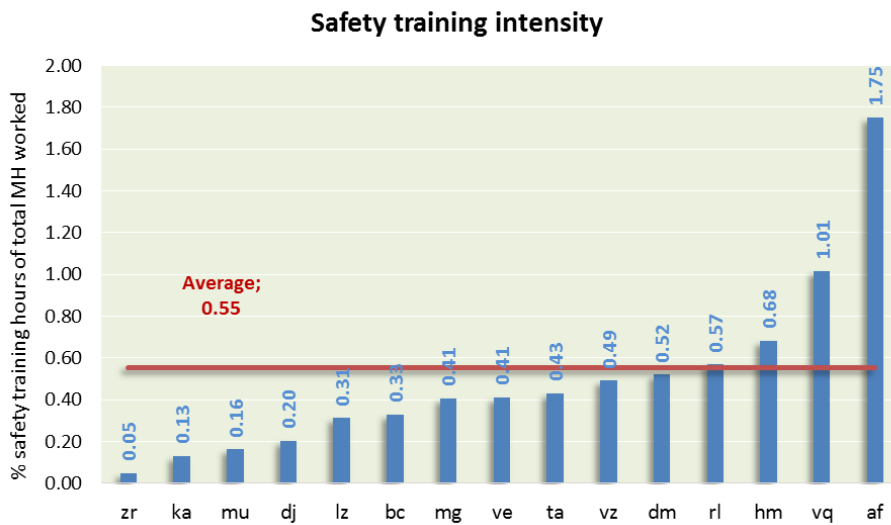
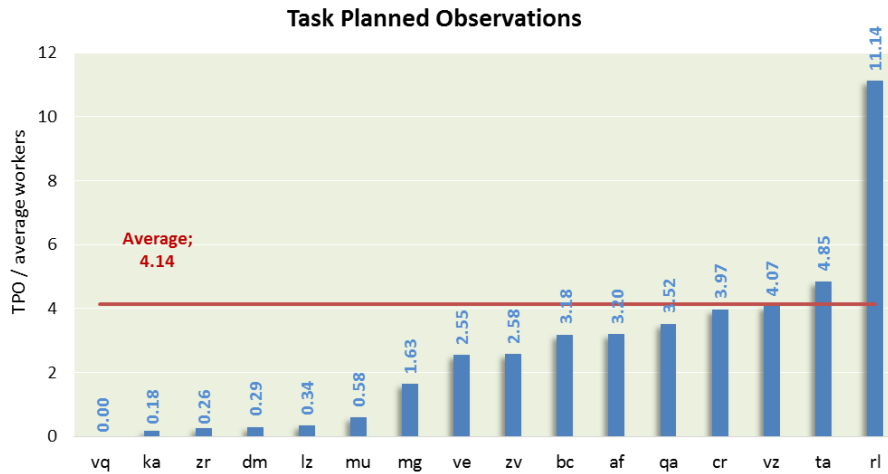




4.1.3. Evolution of proactive indicators



4.1.4. Proactive indicators by company



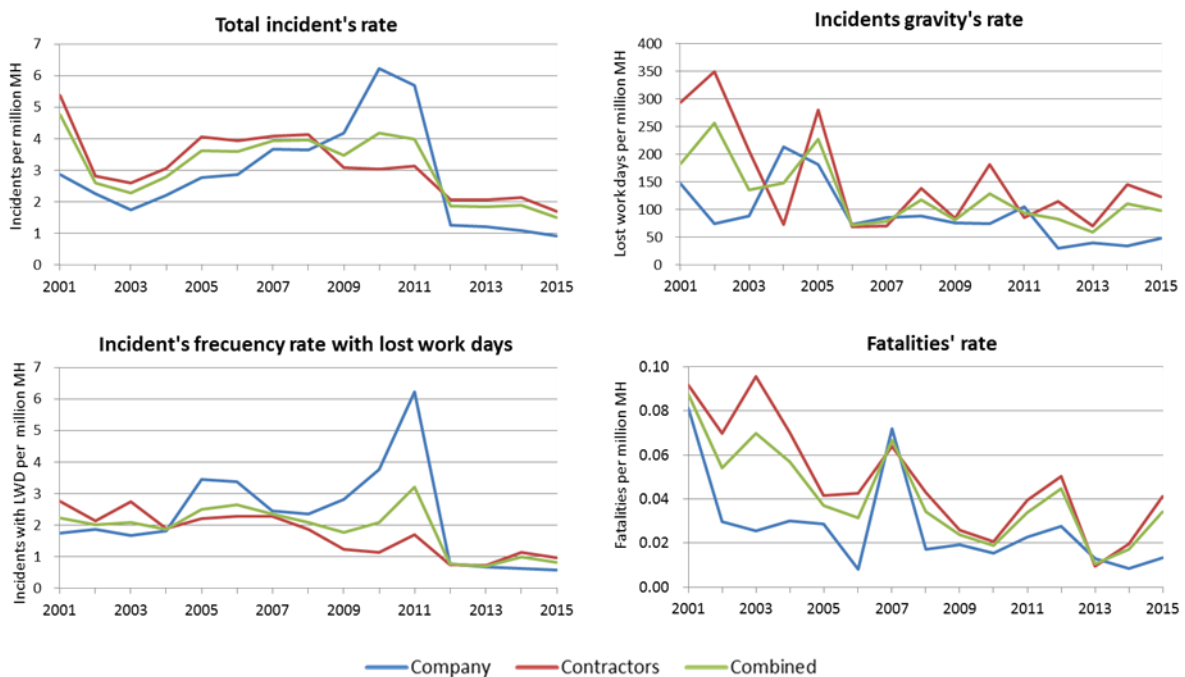


4.2. Exploration and Production

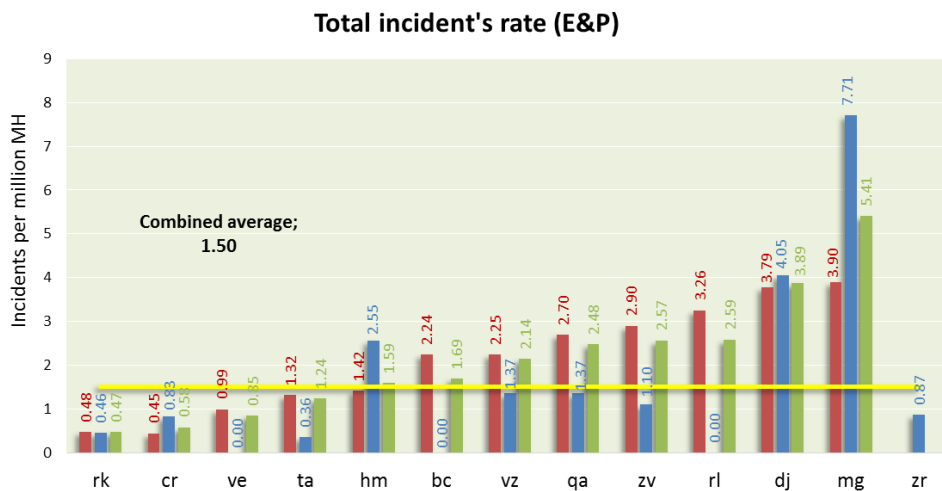
Below is the evolution of the reactive indicators (4.2.1), a comparison between companies for the year 2014 (4.2.2), as well as the causes of fatalities of ARPEL for the function E&P (4.2.3). Finally, in section 4.2.4, a historical evolution of proactive indicators for the mentioned business line is presented.

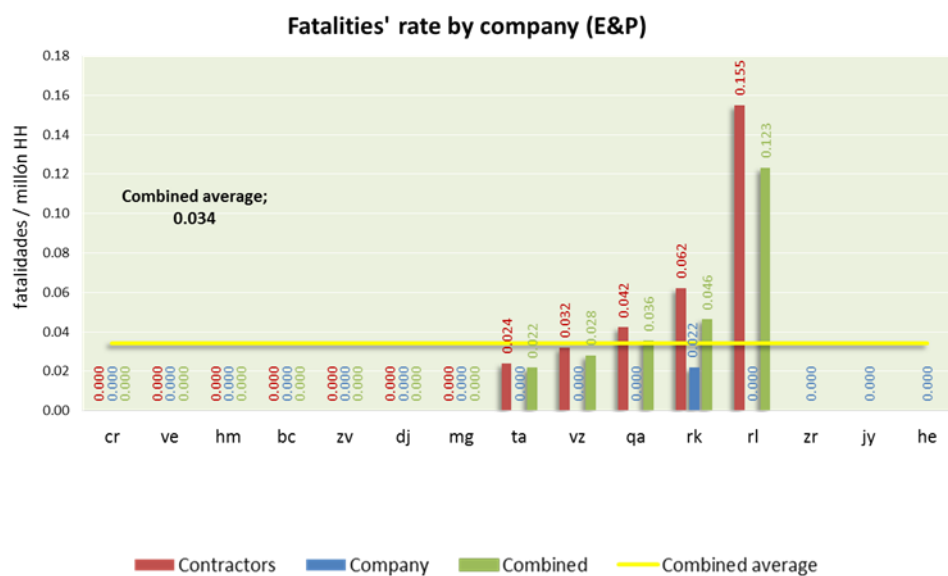
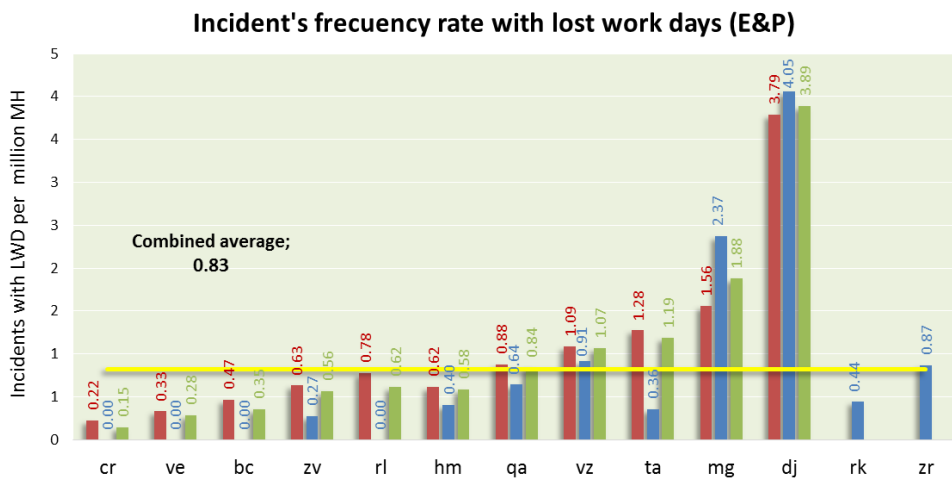
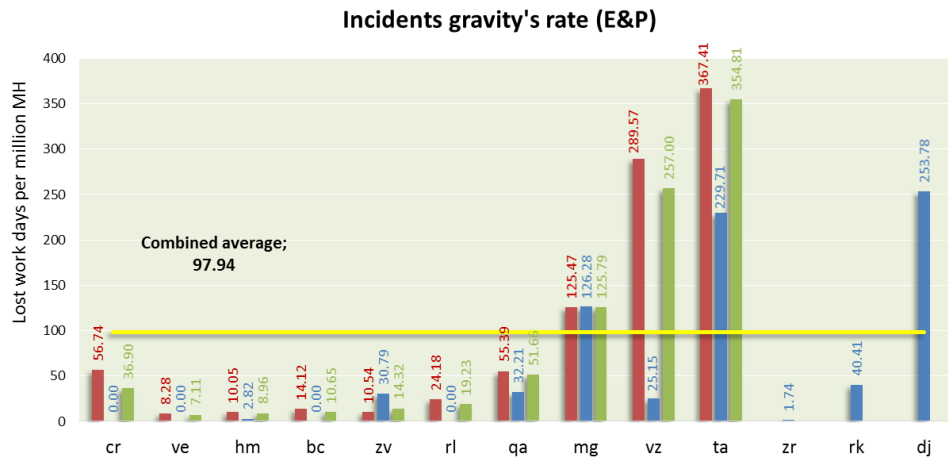
E&P total data includes offshore operations, in sections 4.2.4 and 4.2.5 there is an analysis of the historical evolution and comparisons between companies of the reactive indicators only for E&P offshore.

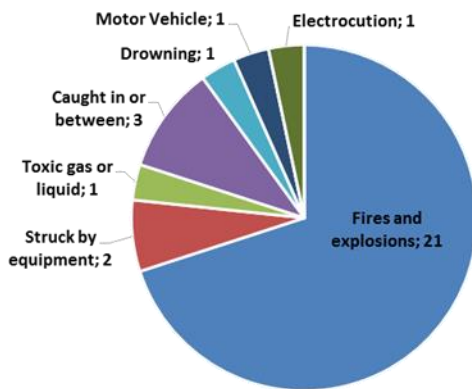
4.2.1. Evolution of proactive indicators (E&P total)



4.2.2. Reactive indicators by company (E&P total)



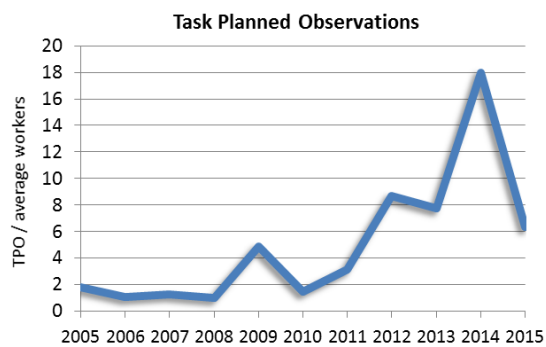




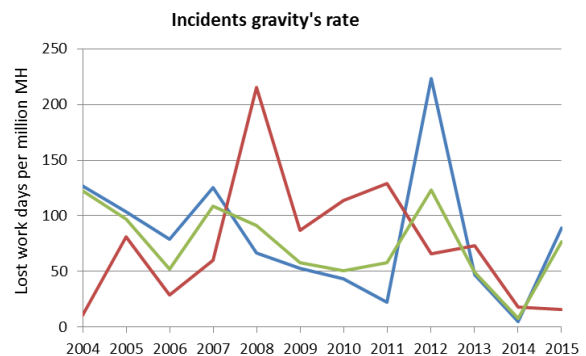
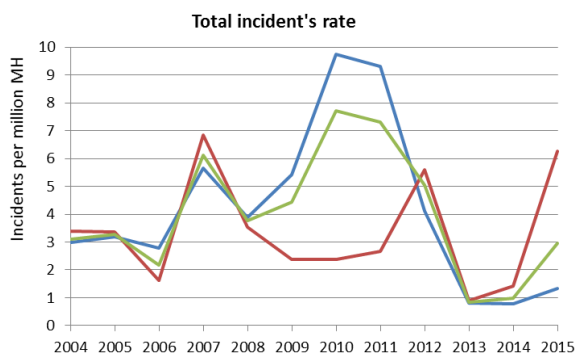
Approximately 64% of the fatalities reported in 2015 by ARPEL member companies occurred in E&P. A graph that shows the causes of fatalities is presented.

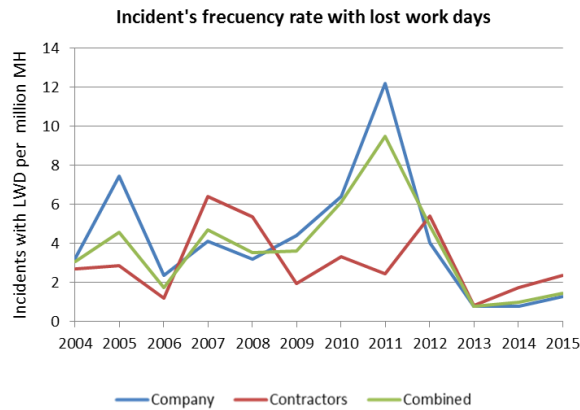
The main cause of the fatalities presented by ARPEL member companies in the function E&P was “Fires and Explosions” with 70% of total cases.

4.2.3. Proactive indicators (E&P total)

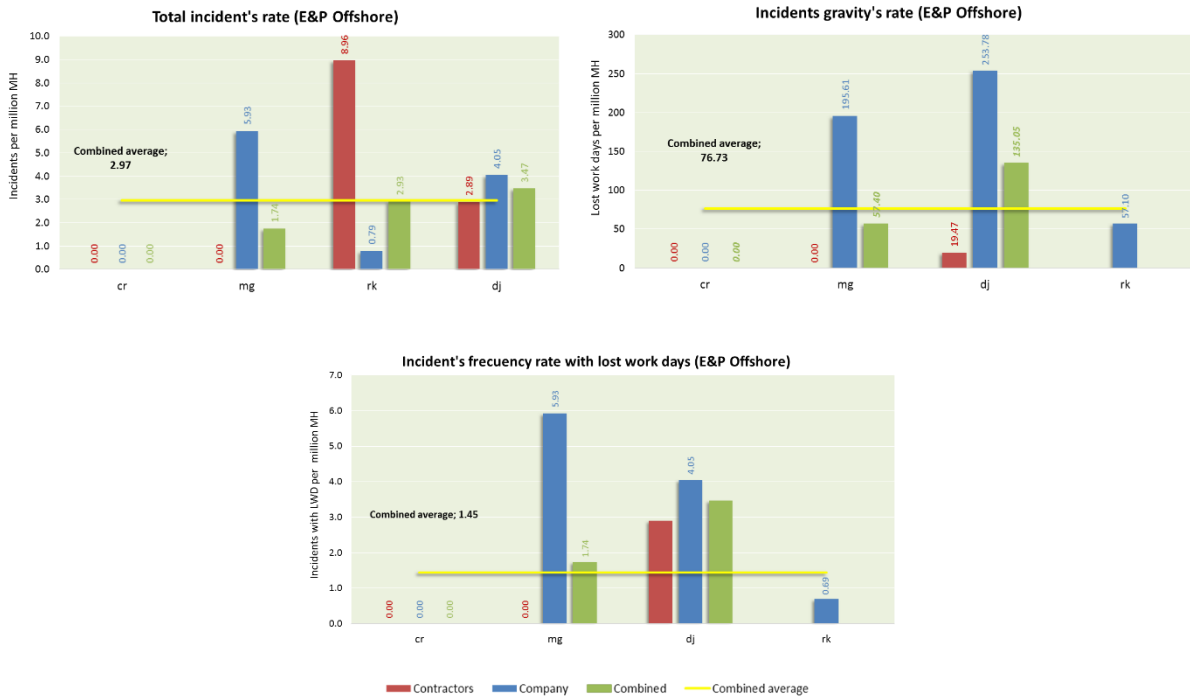


4.2.4. Reactive indicators E&P (offshore)





4.2.5. Reactive indicators by company E&P (offshore)¹



4.3. Comparisons with international references

Following is a comparison between the data of fatalities in E&P for ARPEL and IOGP (International Oil and Gas Producers Association) member companies.

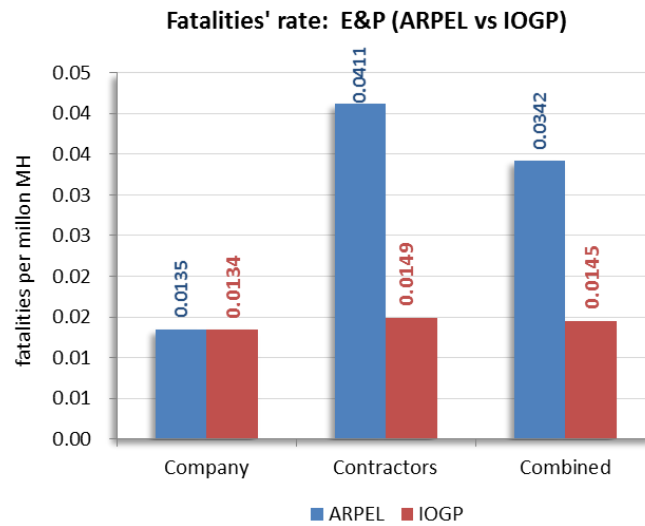
The overall rate of fatalities in E&P for ARPEL companies in 2015 was 0.0342 fatalities per million hours worked, which represents more than double of the fatalities per million hours worked registered by IOGP companies for the same period (0.0145).

¹ Although fatalities in E&P offshore were registered, the necessary information to calculate the average fatalities rate for this business line was not provided.

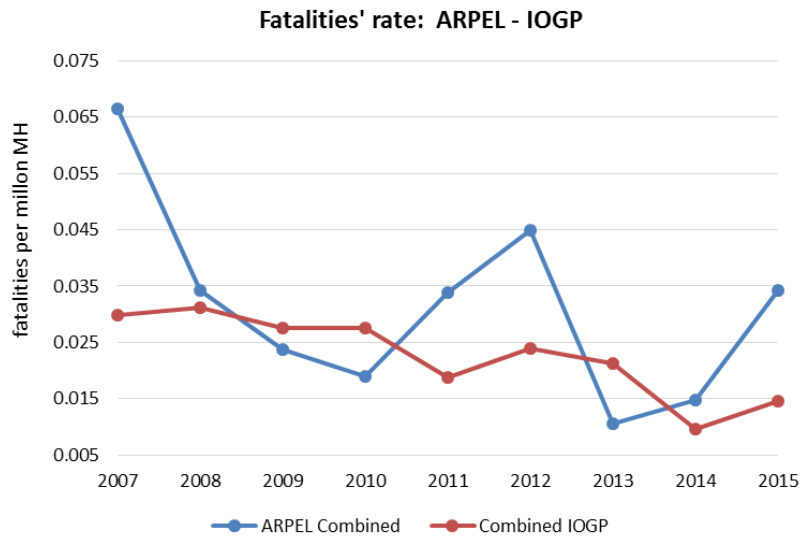


Breaking down the data in company and contractors shows that this rate has very similar values to compare company data (0.0135 vs 0.0134 IOGP ARPEL), while for the contractors of IOGP companies a better performance is shown (0.0411 vs 0.0149 IOGP ARPEL).

The two main causes of fatality presented by IOGP were "Fires and explosions" and "Caught in or between" matching with those recorded by ARPEL companies for E&P.



The following graph shows the evolution of fatalities' rate since 2007 for ARPEL and IOGP.

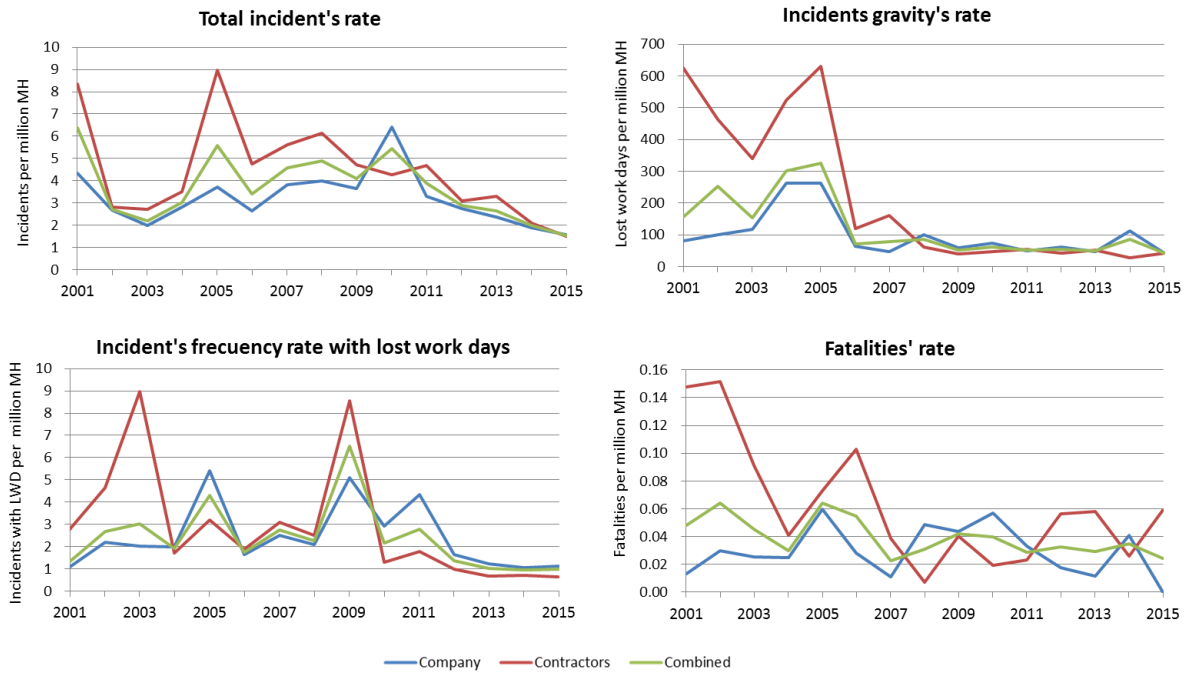




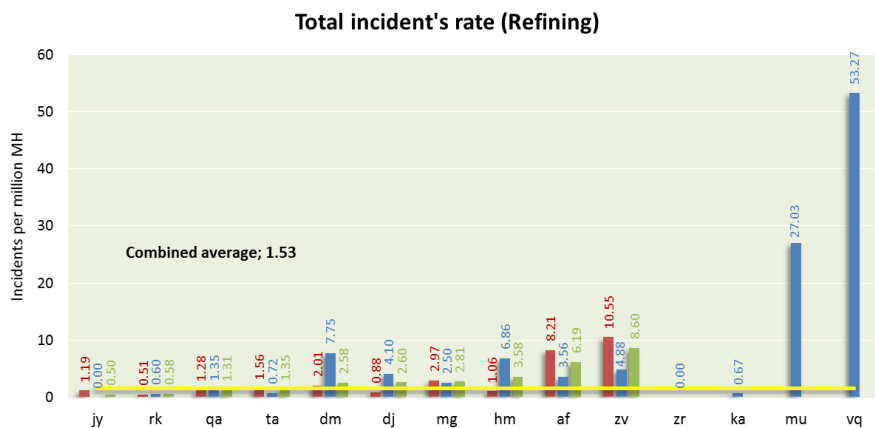
4.4. Refining

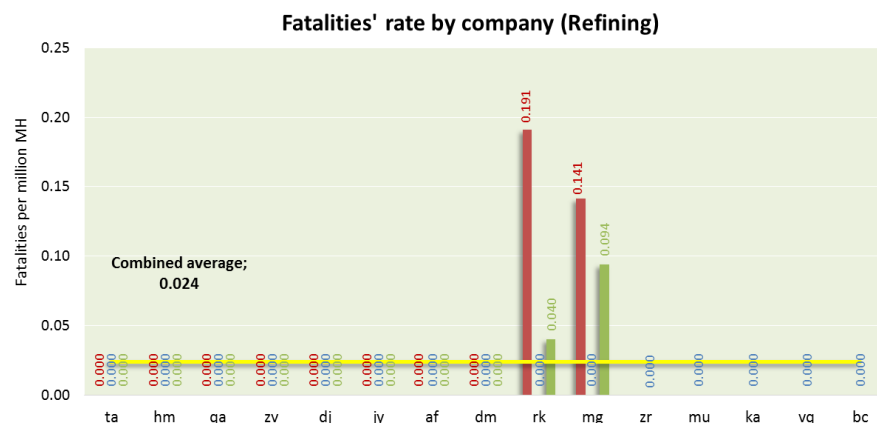
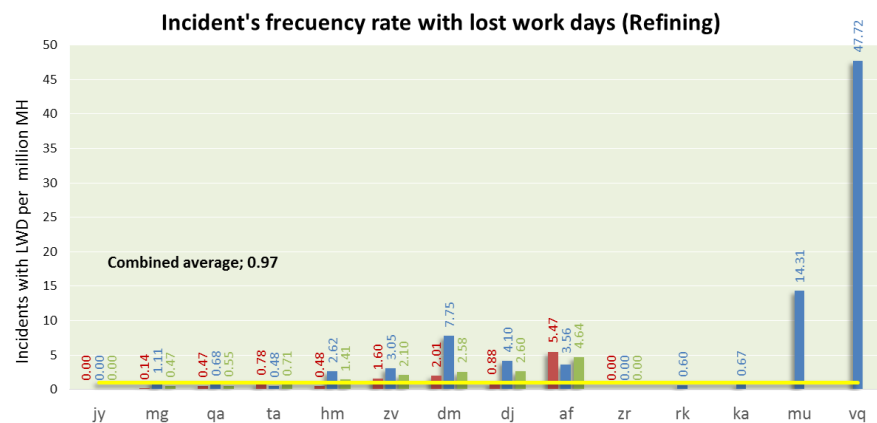
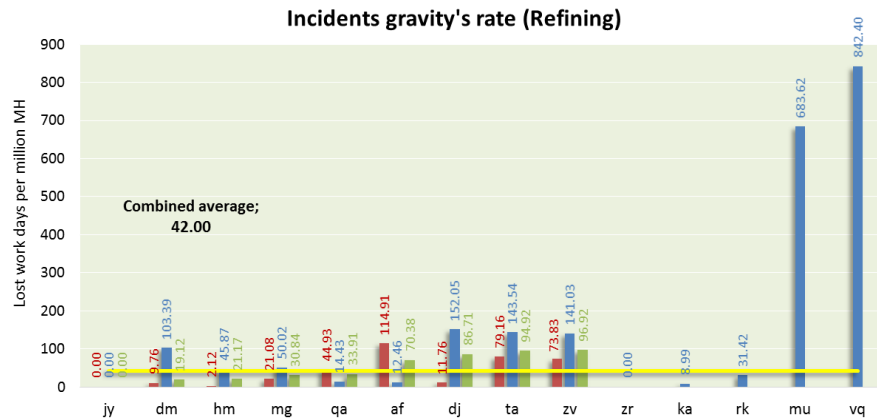
Below is the historical evolution of the reactive indicators (4.3.1), a comparison between companies for the year 2015 (4.3.2) and a historical evolution of proactive indicators (4.3.3) for the business line Refining.

4.4.1. Evolution of reactive indicators

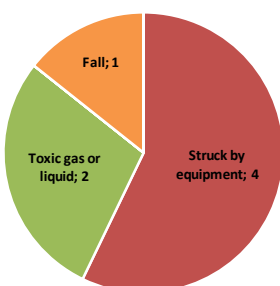


4.4.2. Reactive indicators by company





Contractors Company Combined Combined average

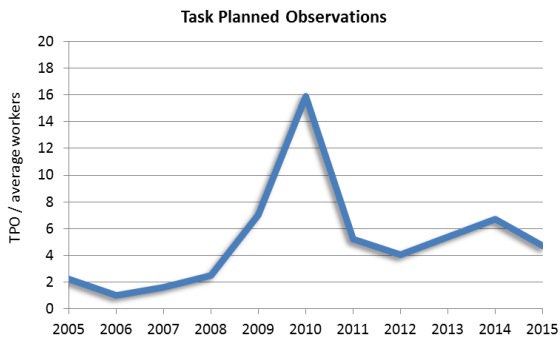


15% of the fatalities reported in 2015 by ARPEL member companies occurred in Refining.

The main cause of fatality with almost 60% of the total was "Struck by equipment". The remaining fatalities causes were "Toxic gas or liquid" and "Fall".



4.4.3. Proactive indicators

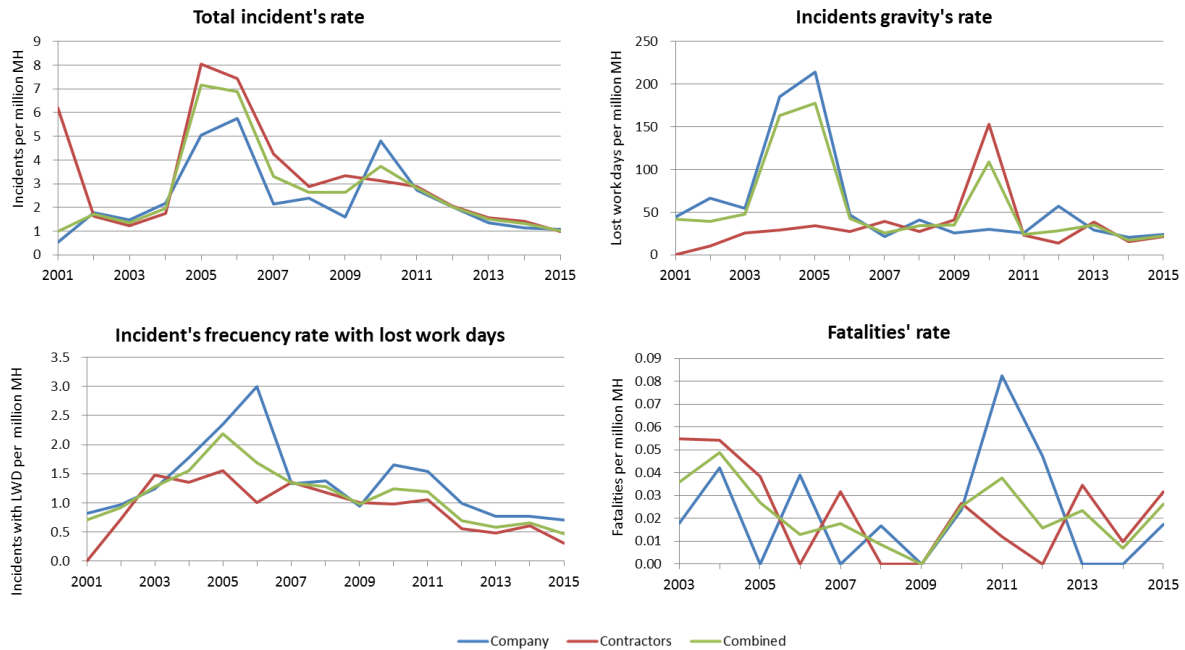


4.5. Pipelines

Below is the historical evolution of the reactive indicators (4.4.1), a comparison between companies for the year 2015 (4.4.2) and the historical evolution of proactive indicators (4.4.3) for the business line Pipelines.

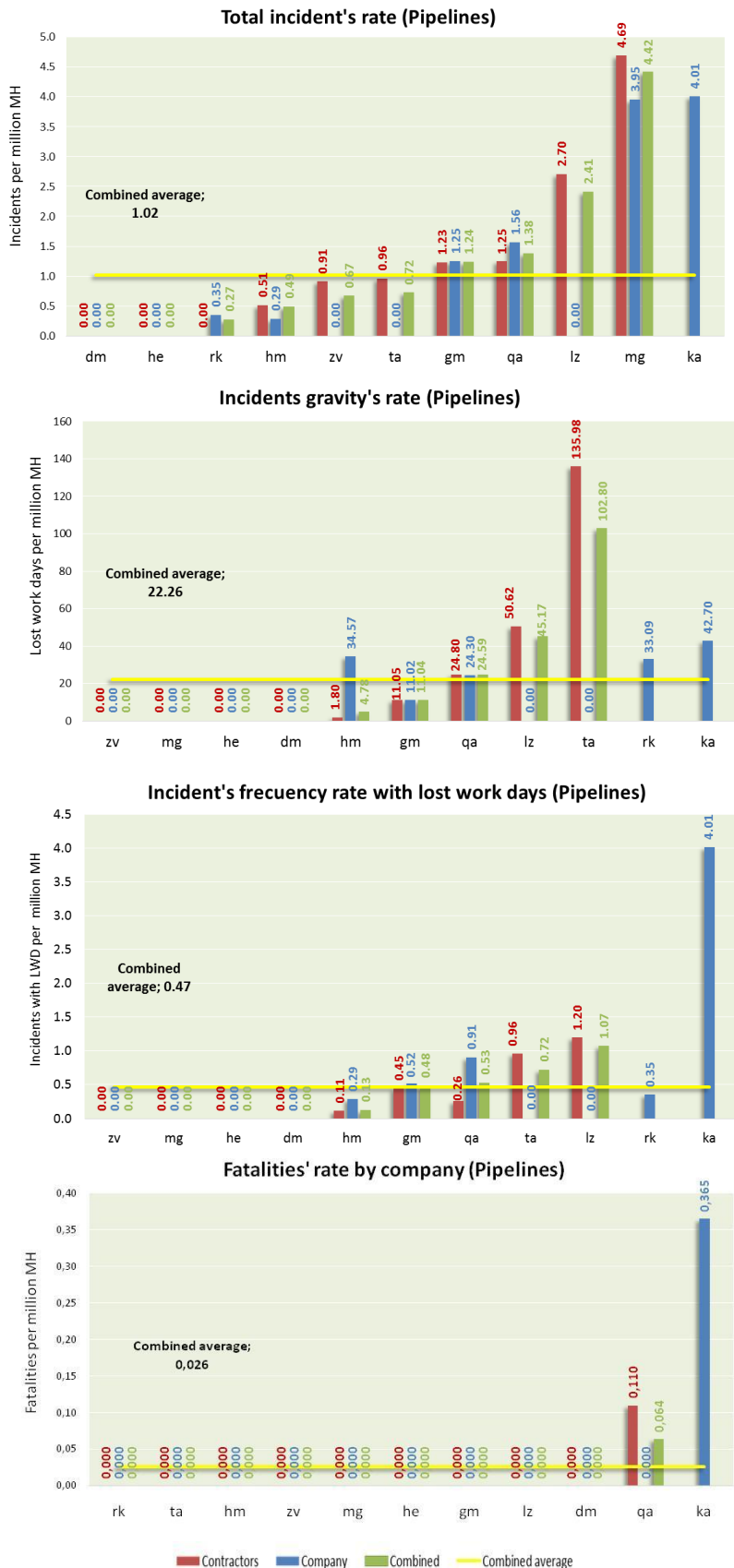
The data includes the information reported in "transport – pipelines for liquids", "transport – pipelines for gases" and "transport – pipelines not separated". The data prior to 2009 correspond only to "transport - pipelines for liquids".

4.5.1. Evolution of reactive indicators



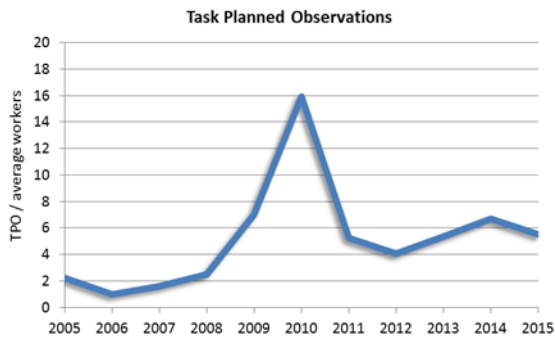


4.5.2. Reactive indicators by company





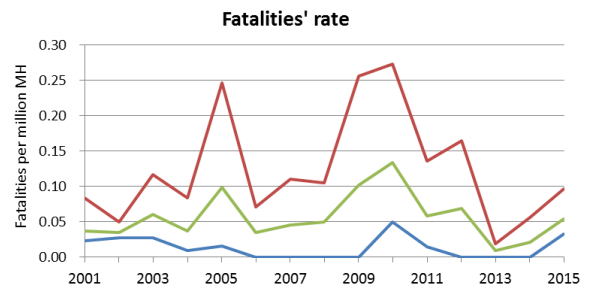
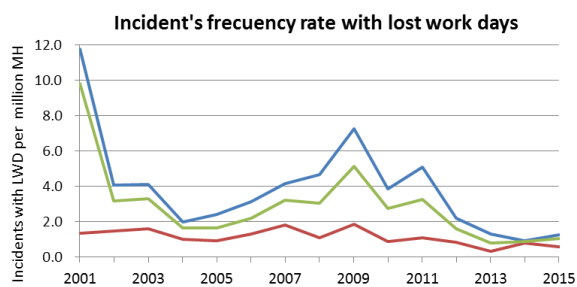
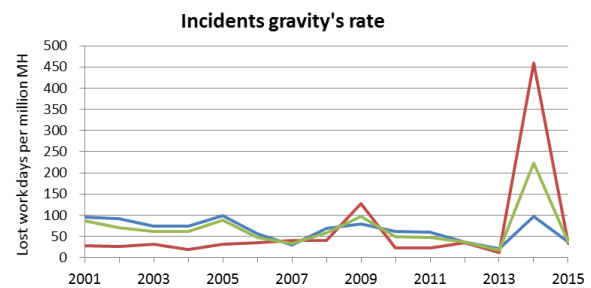
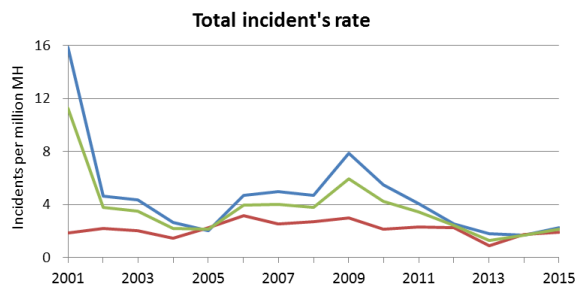
4.5.3. Proactive indicators



4.6. Distribution

Below is the historical evolution of the reactive indicators (4.5.1), a comparison between companies for the year 2015 (4.5.2) and a historical evolution of proactive indicators (4.5.3) for the business line Distribution.

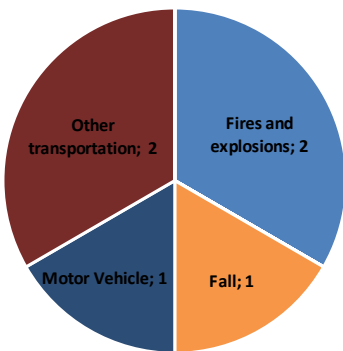
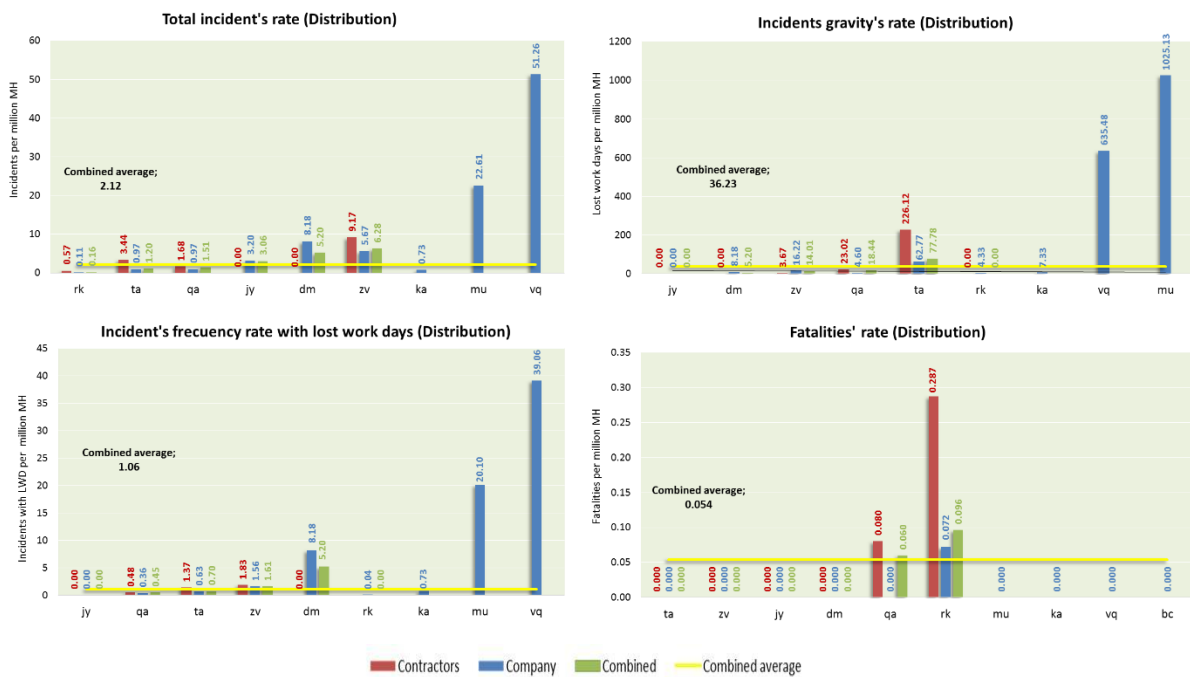
4.6.1. Evolution of reactive indicators



— Company — Contractors — Combined



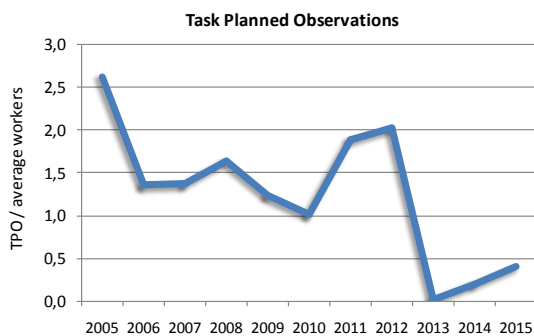
4.6.2. Reactive indicators by company



6 fatalities were registered in Distribution business line, these represents 13% of the fatalities reported in 2015 by ARPEL member companies.

The main causes of fatality for this business line were "Other transportation" and "Fires and explosions", both with a third of total.

4.6.3. Proactive indicators



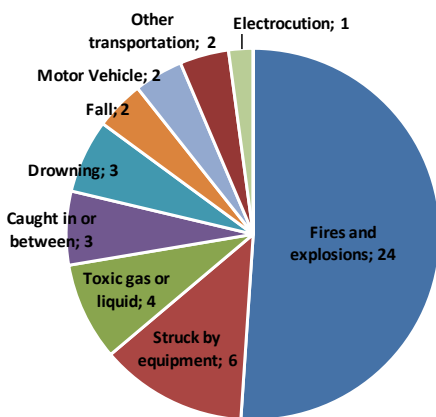


5. CAUSES OF FATALITIES

This chapter presents an analysis of the fatalities reported in 2015 by companies and contractors, providing a breakdown by cause, type of activity and function. In turn, it presents a historical comparative analysis of the causes of fatalities reported from 2001 to date.

In 2015, a total of 47 fatalities were reported, corresponding to 0.024 fatalities per million hours worked, representing an increase of 64% compared to the last year. The main cause of fatalities in 2015 was Fires and Explosions, which is also the main historical cause of fatalities since data has been collected (2001).

5.1. Fatalities by cause



The pie chart shows the causes of fatalities reported for 2015.

As it can be seen the main cause of fatalities was “fires and explosions” with 24 cases, which represents 51% of the fatal incidents in 2015. The second cause was “struck by equipment” with 6 incidents and 13% of the total.

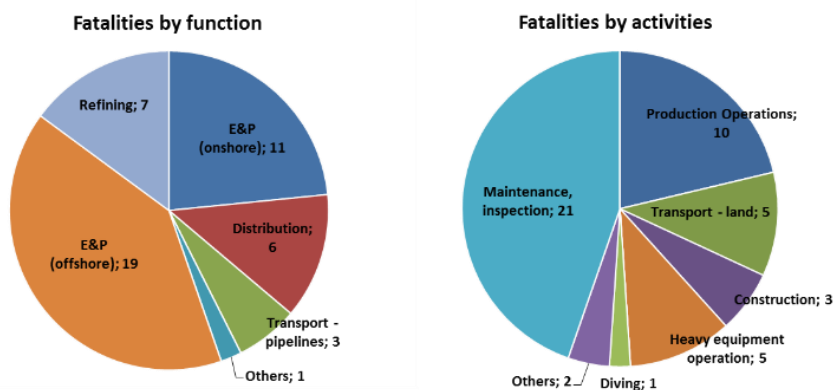
The table below in the right shows the causes of fatalities registered from 2001 to 2015.

Cause	# fat	%
Fires and explosions	178	23%
Struck by equipment	117	15%
Motor vehicle	113	14%
Fall	79	10%
Caught in or between	64	8%
Drowning	61	8%
Electrocution	53	7%
Toxic gas or liquid	43	5%
Other transportation	38	5%
Other	37	5%
ndd	1	0%
Total	784	100%

As it can be appreciated, 784 fatalities have been registered during this period of 15 years. The 23% of them corresponds to fires and explosions, followed by struck by equipment with 15% and then, motor vehicles accidents with 14% of the total fatal incidents.

5.2. Fatalities by type of activity and business line

In 2015, Inspection and Maintenance was the activity that recorded more fatalities (21 cases), while E&P was the most affected business line with 30 fatalities, 19 of them onshore and 11 offshore.





6. GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Case involving lost workdays

All non-fatal cases that result in the worker being away from work at least one business day after the day of the injury or disease. The day on which the worker goes home before the end of his workday is not considered in this item. Fatalities, as well as restricted labor activity days are excluded, since they are recorded separately.

Case involving restricted workdays

All non-fatal cases implying days of restricted activity of the usual tasks after the day of the injury or disease. Fatalities must be excluded.

Case involving medical treatment

All treatment cases of injuries / diseases administered by doctors, registered professionals or non-medical personnel. The medical treatment does not include first aids (one single treatment and the following observation of scratches, cuts, burns, splinters, and other episodes without gravity that generally do not require medical attention) even if a doctor or a registered professional provides them.

Company worker

Any person employed by the reporting company or included in its payroll.

Contractor

Any person directly involved in the execution of an assigned work for the reporting company, according to a contract.

Number of days away from work

The total number of days (consecutive or not) after the day when the injury or disease occurred, on which the workers involved (according to the definition of case involving lost workdays) should have worked but did not, as a result of the occupational injury or disease, until the day they get back to work. The day the person starts to work is excluded. Weekends and holidays are included, even if the employee was not scheduled to work.

This definition has to be distinguished from 'cases with lost work days' which include those incidents that generated lost work days –the number of incidents, not the number of days- and which is used to calculate the 'frequency of incidents with lost work days'

Recordable case - disease

Any occupational incident resulting from a disease (according to the provided classification by the legislation/regulation [if applicable] of the country where the company reports its activities). Occupational diseases resulting in fatalities are included.

Recordable case - fatality

A fatality resulting from an occupational injury or disease. The fatality should be loaded to the year in which the injury occurred or the occupational disease was recorded.

Recordable case - injury

Any occupational incident resulting in an injury (according to the provided classification by the legislation/regulation [if applicable] of the country where the company reports its activities). Occupational injuries resulting in fatalities are included.

Recordable cases - total

The sum of Recordable cases – Injury, Recordable cases – Disease and Recordable cases – Fatalities.



Tasks planned observations (TPO)

"Tasks planned observations" (TPO) are safety observations performed according to a systematic method. They constitute a recorded visual analysis in which the sequence of tasks, maneuvers and operations required to obtain a certain result of the service which is pre-established within the company, is studied by well trained and qualified personnel. The referred study includes hazard identification and risk management during normal task performance and comprises observations of immediate and basic aspects as well as systematic ones. Observations are recorded in a pre-established form according to a given procedure to determine all deviations that result in an increased probability of any human resources or material loss.

Worked hours

Hours worked by both the company workers and contractors' workers (separately recorded).

Work relatedness

An injury or disease is to be considered to be work-related if an event or exposure in the work environment caused or contributed to the resulting condition or significantly aggravated a pre-existing injury or disease. Work-relatedness is defined for injuries and diseases resulting from events or exposures occurred in the work environment, defining the work environment as the physical place where one or more employees work or are present due to work reasons. The work environment includes not only physical locations, but also the equipment or materials used by the employee during the course of his/her work.



7. ANNEXES

7.1. 2015 Data

Company Data

Function	average # employees	Hours worked (thousands)	Injuries	Illnesses	Fatalities	Total	Cases of Lost Workdays	Number of days away from work	Reactive indicators			
									Total	Incidents gravity's rate**	Incident's frequency rate with lost work days***	Fatalities' rate
E&P offshore*	8,329	23,016	29	0	2	31	29	2,050	1.347	89.068	1.260	0.087
E&P Total	99,461	222,128	175	23	3	201	124	10,497	0.905	47.257	0.558	0.014
Refining	69,166	172,425	230	39	0	269	196	7,296	1.560	42.314	1.137	0.000
Pipelines	25,760	57,712	60	1	1	62	41	1,391	1.074	24.103	0.710	0.017
Transport-Maritime	11,917	18,044	9	0	0	9	6	452	0.499	25.050	0.333	0.000
Distribution	25,990	61,999	137	0	2	139	79	2,343	2.242	37.791	1.274	0.032
Others	85,785	185,806	146	9	1	156	132	5,158	0.840	27.760	0.710	0.005
Total	318,079	718,114	757	72	7	836	578	27,137	1.164	37.789	0.805	0.010

*Since the total men hours for E&P offshore was not provided, the indicators for this business line are calculated based on the data of the companies that shared their statistics.

Contractors Data

Function	average # employees	Hours worked (thousands)	Injuries	Illnesses	Fatalities	Total	Cases of Lost Workdays	Number of days away from work	Reactive indicators			
									Total	Incidents gravity's rate**	Incident's frequency rate with lost work days***	Fatalities' rate
E&P offshore*	4,260	11,360	63	0	8	71	11	74	6.250	15.861	2.358	0.704
E&P Total	261,018	656,298	1,093	0	27	1,120	429	54,479	1.707	123.458	0.958	0.041
Refining	49,387	117,803	168	0	7	175	56	3,576	1.486	41.386	0.648	0.059
Pipelines	42,150	94,487	90	0	3	93	28	1,885	0.984	21.074	0.313	0.032
Transport-Maritime	1,754	966	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.000	nda	nda	0.000
Distribution	15,529	31,197	56	0	3	59	16	907	1.891	32.731	0.577	0.096
Others	142,636	309,951	599	0	0	599	208	11,651	1.933	43.779	0.782	0.000
Total	512,474	1,210,702	2,006	0	40	2,046	737	72,498	1.690	79.583	0.803	0.033

*Since the total men hours for E&P offshore was not provided, the indicators for this business line are calculated based on the data of the companies that shared their statistics.

** Gravity indicators are calculated with the following values of man hours worked (in thousands): E&P offshore - 4,666 / E&P total - 441,275 / Refining - 86,406 / Pipelines - 89,446 / Distribution - 27,711 / Others - 266,132 // Total - 910,970

*** Cases of Lost Workdays are calculated with the following values of man hours worked (in thousands): E&P offshore - 4,666 / E&P total - 447,611 / Refining - 86,406 / Pipelines - 89,446 / Distribution - 27,711 / Others - 266,132 // Total - 910,970

Combined data

Function	average # employees	Hours worked (thousands)	Injuries	Illnesses	Fatalities	Total	Cases of Lost Workdays	Number of days away from work	Reactive indicators			
									Total	Incidents gravity's rate**	Incident's frequency rate with lost work days***	Fatalities' rate
E&P offshore*	12,589	34,376	92	0	10	102	40	2,124	2.967	76.730	1.445	0.291
E&P Total	360,479	878,426	1,268	23	30	1,321	553	64,976	1.504	97.943	0.826	0.034
Refining	118,553	290,228	398	39	7	444	252	10,872	1.530	42.004	0.974	0.024
Pipelines	67,910	152,198	150	1	4	155	69	3,276	1.018	22.262	0.469	0.026
Transport-Maritime	13,671	19,010	9	0	0	9	6	452	0.473	25.050	0.333	0.000
Distribution	41,519	93,196	193	0	5	198	95	3,250	2.125	36.228	1.059	0.054
Others	228,421	495,757	745	9	1	755	340	16,809	1.523	37.193	0.752	0.002
Total	830,553	1,928,815	2,763	72	47	2,882	1,315	99,635	1.494	61.160	0.804	0.024

*Since the total men hours for E&P offshore was not provided, the indicators for this business line are calculated based on the data of the companies that shared their statistics.

** Gravity indicators are calculated with the following values of man hours worked (in thousands): E&P offshore - 27,682 / E&P total - 663,403 / Refining - 258,831 / Pipelines - 147,157 / Transport-Maritime - 18,044 / Distribution - 89,710 / Others - 451,938 // Total - 1,628,083

*** Cases of Lost Workdays are calculated with the following values of man hours worked (in thousands): E&P offshore - 27,682 / E&P total - 669,739 / Refining - 258,831 / Pipelines - 147,157 / Transport-Maritime - 18,044 / Distribution - 89,710 / Others - 451,938 // Total - 1,628,083

7.2. Proactive indicators

Function	average # employees	Hours worked (thousands)	Proactive indicators			
			Task Planned Observations	Safety Training Hours	Task Planned Observations	Safety Training Intensity
E&P Total	37,294	34,551	238,126	138,435	6.39	0.40
Refining	22,549	27,789	106,232	180,668	4.71	0.65
Pipelines	18,210	18,833	54,153	243,253	2.97	1.29
Transport-Maritime	35	75	14	74	0.40	0.10
Distribution	12,922	20,927	57,559	81,286	4.45	0.39
Others	39,815	34,880	86,174	115,793	2.16	0.33
Total	130,825	137,056	542,258	759,509	4.14	0.55



7.3. Historical data

7.3.1. Reactive indicators

Function	Indicator		2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
E&P																		
E&P	Company	Total	1.167	2.875	2.266	1.742	2.202	2.779	2.865	3.663	3.648	4.184	6.234	5.680	1.254	1.220	1.086	0.905
E&P	Contractors	Total	3.989	5.379	2.818	2.597	3.070	4.060	3.946	4.092	4.134	3.083	3.038	3.127	2.050	2.051	2.136	1.707
E&P	Combined	Total	2.231	4.770	2.602	2.281	2.780	3.626	3.592	3.947	3.971	3.467	4.179	3.978	1.860	1.842	1.888	1.504
E&P	Company	Gravity	208.443	146.415	73.670	87.668	212.756	180.887	72.838	85.257	88.789	76.137	73.580	105.415	29.288	39.774	34.441	47.257
E&P	Contractors	Gravity	61.042	293.985	349.365	206.421	73.007	280.109	69.254	70.599	138.690	84.558	181.485	84.949	114.791	70.629	145.110	123.458
E&P	Combined	Gravity	152.856	182.395	256.546	135.954	147.310	226.574	70.764	78.978	117.956	80.649	129.142	94.096	83.200	59.193	110.298	97.943
E&P	Company	Lost Workdays	1.937	1.754	1.858	1.674	1.829	3.447	3.385	2.446	2.355	2.813	3.775	6.234	0.776	0.675	0.635	0.558
E&P	Contractors	Lost Workdays	3.654	2.779	2.133	2.746	1.893	2.210	2.289	2.289	1.878	1.224	1.131	1.705	0.760	0.720	1.143	0.958
E&P	Combined	Lost Workdays	2.585	2.238	2.009	2.094	1.872	2.497	2.650	2.354	2.076	1.777	2.082	3.217	0.764	0.709	0.983	0.826
E&P	Company	Fatalities	0.073	0.081	0.030	0.026	0.030	0.029	0.008	0.072	0.017	0.019	0.016	0.023	0.028	0.013	0.009	0.014
E&P	Contractors	Fatalities	0.067	0.092	0.070	0.096	0.070	0.041	0.043	0.064	0.043	0.026	0.021	0.040	0.050	0.010	0.020	0.041
E&P	Combined	Fatalities	0.071	0.088	0.054	0.100	0.057	0.037	0.031	0.067	0.034	0.024	0.019	0.034	0.045	0.010	0.017	0.034
Refining																		
Refining	Company	Total	10.543	4.337	2.667	1.999	2.815	3.719	2.660	3.822	4.000	3.642	6.398	3.294	2.752	2.368	1.895	1.560
Refining	Contractors	Total	4.872	8.356	2.832	2.699	3.523	8.967	4.741	5.613	6.118	4.706	4.272	4.699	3.080	3.294	2.097	1.486
Refining	Combined	Total	9.748	6.368	2.713	2.209	3.036	5.585	3.402	4.568	4.904	4.080	5.434	3.876	2.879	2.627	1.976	1.530
Refining	Company	Gravity	87.293	81.486	99.711	118.139	262.201	263.005	64.077	47.367	101.506	60.388	73.248	48.707	61.117	47.402	113.196	42.314
Refining	Contractors	Gravity	31.669	626.472	463.375	339.274	525.086	630.935	118.871	160.858	60.941	40.412	46.484	55.182	41.469	52.112	28.868	41.386
Refining	Combined	Gravity	79.491	156.027	252.275	153.953	301.468	325.390	72.034	78.747	85.394	52.660	61.542	51.075	54.945	48.872	84.822	42.004
Refining	Company	Lost Workdays	2.447	1.092	2.186	2.029	2.001	5.394	1.654	2.518	2.095	5.110	2.909	4.345	1.623	1.234	1.050	1.137
Refining	Contractors	Lost Workdays	3.057	2.788	4.638	8.981	1.707	3.206	1.897	3.085	2.497	8.543	1.299	1.789	0.967	0.676	0.706	0.648
Refining	Combined	Lost Workdays	2.532	1.333	2.682	3.038	1.906	4.292	1.738	2.743	2.255	6.523	2.170	2.786	1.369	1.023	0.934	0.974
Refining	Company	Fatalities	0.016	0.013	0.030	0.026	0.025	0.060	0.028	0.011	0.049	0.044	0.057	0.033	0.018	0.012	0.041	0.000
Refining	Contractors	Fatalities	0.096	0.148	0.151	0.091	0.041	0.073	0.103	0.038	0.007	0.040	0.020	0.023	0.056	0.058	0.026	0.059
Refining	Combined	Fatalities	0.027	0.048	0.064	0.045	0.030	0.064	0.055	0.022	0.031	0.042	0.040	0.029	0.033	0.029	0.035	0.024
Pipelines																		
Pipelines	Company	Total	1.319	0.529	1.786	1.475	2.192	5.042	5.744	2.143	2.380	1.590	4.811	2.716	2.036	1.346	1.150	1.074
Pipelines	Contractors	Total	1.093	6.215	1.631	1.225	1.754	8.042	7.431	4.261	2.893	3.351	3.123	2.891	2.043	1.574	1.411	0.984
Pipelines	Combined	Total	1.265	0.975	1.719	1.353	1.956	7.169	6.877	3.321	2.635	2.632	3.730	2.827	2.041	1.500	1.333	1.018
Pipelines	Company	Gravity	92.626	44.051	66.453	54.432	185.335	214.104	46.918	21.505	41.120	25.910	29.977	25.393	57.342	28.740	20.410	24.103
Pipelines	Contractors	Gravity	8.153	0.000	10.192	26.136	29.478	33.931	27.681	38.982	27.730	40.909	152.685	22.808	14.090	38.364	15.882	21.074
Pipelines	Combined	Gravity	72.450	41.816	39.440	48.044	163.410	177.237	42.433	26.016	34.572	34.787	108.580	23.778	28.623	35.186	17.283	22.262
Pipelines	Company	Lost Workdays	1.451	0.815	0.957	1.239	1.782	2.348	3.000	1.330	1.381	0.941	1.656	1.541	0.994	0.769	0.767	0.710
Pipelines	Contractors	Lost Workdays	1.093	0.000	0.718	1.480	1.356	1.150	1.008	1.353	1.182	1.004	0.978	1.051	0.552	0.483	0.606	0.313
Pipelines	Combined	Lost Workdays	1.365	0.707	0.920	1.276	1.549	2.185	1.694	1.343	1.284	0.978	1.237	1.191	0.699	0.575	0.656	0.469
Pipelines	Company	Fatalities	0.026	0.000	0.017	0.018	0.042	0.000	0.039	0.000	0.017	0.000	0.024	0.082	0.047	0.000	0.000	0.017
Pipelines	Contractors	Fatalities	0.336	0.396	0.067	0.055	0.054	0.038	0.000	0.032	0.000	0.000	0.026	0.012	0.000	0.034	0.010	0.032
Pipelines	Combined	Fatalities	0.100	0.056	0.038	0.036	0.049	0.027	0.013	0.018	0.008	0.000	0.025	0.038	0.016	0.023	0.007	0.026
Distribution																		
Distribution	Company	Total	10.013	15.857	4.642	4.364	2.617	2.024	4.662	4.985	4.700	7.881	5.485	4.081	2.540	1.806	1.684	2.242
Distribution	Contractors	Total	2.483	1.867	2.203	1.991	1.439	2.266	3.162	2.530	2.691	2.970	2.104	2.289	2.234	0.850	1.727	1.891
Distribution	Combined	Total	7.268	11.296	3.773	3.467	2.189	2.110	3.917	3.987	3.771	5.934	4.211	3.446	2.412	1.297	1.700	2.125
Distribution	Company	Gravity	78.701	95.350	92.071	74.798	74.511	98.448	56.815	30.489	69.055	79.820	62.334	60.666	37.623	21.143	96.943	37.791
Distribution	Contractors	Gravity	33.557	28.241	26.401	31.468	19.532	30.793	34.618	40.859	40.878	127.176	22.337	23.255	34.973	12.347	458.961	32.731
Distribution	Combined	Gravity	62.248	85.829	70.102	61.742	62.087	87.951	47.456	33.278	57.873	97.948	49.745	48.087	36.606	17.987	223.265	36.228
Distribution	Company	Lost Workdays	7.640	11.789	4.089	4.117	2.006	2.420	3.119	4.149	4.664	7.287	3.882	5.115	2.187	1.302	0.943	1.710
Distribution	Contractors	Lost Workdays	1.572	1.339	1.497	1.601	1.004	0.946	1.314	1.811	1.093	1.880	0.881	1.092	0.821	0.333	0.817	0.577
Distribution	Combined	Lost Workdays	5.429	9.830	3.184	3.292	1.642	1.634	2.223	3.246	3.066	5.143	2.750	3.252	1.617	0.786	0.899	1.059
Distribution	Company	Fatalities	0.024	0.024	0.027	0.027	0.010	0.016	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.050	0.015	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.032
Distribution	Contractors	Fatalities	0.000	0.084	0.049	0.117	0.084	0.247	0.071	0.111	0.105	0.257	0.273	0.136	0.164	0.018	0.057	0.096
Distribution	Combined	Fatalities	0.015	0.037	0.035	0.060	0.036	0.098	0.035	0.045	0.050	0.101	0.134	0.058	0.069	0.010	0.021	0.054
Others																		
Others	Company	Total	1.030	6.879	3.441	2.011	1.784	1.880	2.235	2.903	3.701	2.403	2.350	2.180	1.402	1.669	0.993	0.840
Others	Contractors	Total	0.046	2.775	1.877	1.573	1.050	3.425	3.959	2.767	2.530	3.323	2.217	2.033	2.501	2.176	1.763	1.933
Others	Combined	Total	0.559	4.318	2.441	1.718	1.320	2.933	3.368	2.807	2.846	2.340	2.253	2.066	2.277	2.039	1.554	1.523
Others	Company	Gravity	30.757	59.755	80.054	62.328	70.119	58.436	28.131	29.100	48.379	17.594	16.696	26.965	21.655	28.111	27.450	27.760
Others	Contractors	Gravity	0.000	40.308	749.648	206.377	13.799	83.378	84.504	19.148	42.262	48.340	57.390	62.079	73.495	63.372	81.113	43.779
Others	Combined	Gravity	16.039	84.015	406.346	80.217	67.041	59.707	31.010	28.035	44.011	41.326	46.01					



7.3.2. Reactive indicators (E&P Offshore)

Indicator	Category	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Total	Company	2.03	2.98	3.20	2.79	5.64	3.90	5.43	9.75	9.31	4.123	0.810	0.769	1.347
Total	Contractors	1.46	3.40	3.35	1.62	6.86	3.55	2.39	2.38	2.68	5.586	0.893	1.421	6.250
Total	Combined	1.73	3.11	3.27	2.17	6.13	3.77	4.43	7.72	7.29	5.053	0.849	0.990	2.967
Gravity	Company	114.22	126.48	103.24	79.26	125.55	66.57	52.69	43.74	22.06	223.027	47.365	5.059	89.068
Gravity	Contractors	11.29	10.58	81.04	28.58	59.84	215.16	87.12	113.89	129.24	65.938	73.474	17.915	15.861
Gravity	Combined	110.27	122.46	97.37	52.12	108.88	91.38	57.73	50.36	58.06	123.142	49.240	8.029	76.730
Lost Workdays	Company	1.97	3.25	7.44	2.36	4.10	3.18	4.41	6.41	12.19	4.022	0.767	0.769	1.260
Lost Workdays	Contractors	1.03	2.71	2.85	1.20	6.39	5.36	1.95	3.32	2.44	5.413	0.813	1.751	2.358
Lost Workdays	Combined	1.93	3.07	4.58	1.74	4.68	3.55	3.60	6.12	9.49	4.907	0.789	0.996	1.445
Fatalities	Company	0.06	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.000	0.014	0.000	0.087
Fatalities	Contractors	0.09	0.17	0.04	0.01	0.61	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.704
Fatalities	Combined	0.08	0.07	0.02	0.01	0.36	0.01	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.000	0.008	0.000	0.291

7.3.3. Proactive indicators

Task Planned Observations Indicator (Company)												
Function	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
E&P	1.83	1.07	1.28	1.01	4.87	1.45	3.12	8.69	7.76	17.98	6.39	
Refining	2.21	0.99	1.60	2.51	7.05	15.93	5.22	4.06	5.36	6.69	4.71	
Pipelines	1.18	1.59	0.92	1.25	2.42	3.81	1.98	2.05	2.56	4.16	2.97	
Distribution	2.63	1.36	1.38	1.64	1.24	1.01	1.88	2.02	0.01	0.19	0.40	
Others	0.28	1.44	0.57	1.41	3.23	1.29	2.19	2.56	2.29	1.07	4.45	
Global	1.96	1.15	1.12	1.35	3.93	3.70	3.27	4.59	4.98	8.39	4.14	

Safety Training Intensity (Company)												
Function	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	
E&P	0.62	0.21	0.22	0.14	0.10	0.32	0.30	0.29	0.51	0.63	0.40	
Refining	0.29	0.26	0.21	0.21	0.30	0.83	0.35	0.59	0.80	0.81	0.65	
Pipelines	0.10	2.54	1.19	1.68	0.16	2.49	0.97	0.45	1.00	0.94	1.29	
Distribution	0.08	0.15	0.10	1.13	0.10	0.19	0.19	0.28	0.58	0.58	0.39	
Others	0.19	0.11	0.02	0.10	0.26	0.32	0.18	0.44	0.62	0.21	0.33	
Global	0.36	0.24	0.18	0.20	0.17	0.45	0.30	0.42	0.57	0.59	0.55	



8. REFERENCES

1. ARPEL User's Manual – Safety benchmarking in the oil and gas industry in Latin America and the Caribbean – 6^a Edition, 2012. ARPEL.
2. ARPEL's members companies' safety statistics



BENCHMARKING

Safety Benchmarking in the oil and gas industry in Latin America and the Caribbean.



ARPEL is a non-profit association gathering oil, gas and biofuels sector companies and institutions in Latin America and the Caribbean. Founded in 1965 as a vehicle of cooperation and reciprocal assistance among sector companies, its main purpose is to actively contribute to industry integration and competitive growth, and to sustainable energy development in the region.

Its membership currently represents over 90% of the upstream and downstream activities in Latin America and the Caribbean and includes national, international and independent operating companies, providers of technology, goods and services for the value chain, and national and international sector institutions.



Regional Headquarters:

Javier de Viana 1018. CP 11200, Montevideo, Uruguay
Tel.: +(598) 2410 6993 | info@arpel.org.uy

www.arpel.org